



2017 NFHS Soccer Exam Part II

1. If visible arm sleeves and/or leg sleeves are worn:
 - A. They can be of any color and any length.
 - B. They can be of any length and any color, and must not conflict with the other team.
 - C. They must be a similar length, all alike in a solid color matching the predominant color of the respective garment.
 - D. Cannot be worn at all.

2. Before the game, the referee observes B4 wearing soft-padded headgear.
 - A. B4 may participate with soft-padded headgear only if a medical release signed by the appropriate medical professional is available.
 - B. B4 may not participate with the soft-padded headgear.
 - C. B4 may participate.
 - D. B4 may participate with the soft-padded headgear only if both coaches agree.

3. An official arrives at the field and is told by the head referee that he/she will be using headsets for communications during the match. No action concerning the use of electronic communication equipment by referees has been taken by the respective state association. The official should:
 - A. Refuse to use such equipment as it is illegal.
 - B. Use the equipment as directed but report the head referee to the state association for using illegal communication equipment.
 - C. Use the equipment as it has not been prohibited by the state association.
 - D. Only use the equipment if both coaches agree.

4. Team A has a kickoff in the first half of play. Player A1 kicks the ball backward to Player A2. The official should:
 - A. Order the kick to be retaken.
 - B. Award a direct free kick to Team B.
 - C. Require Team A to retake the kickoff.
 - D. Allow play to continue.

5. Indirect free kicks for offside are taken from:
 - A. The spot where the offside player was when the assistant referee raised the flag.
 - B. The spot where the offending player interfered with play or where the player interfered with an opponent or gained an advantage by being in that position.
 - C. The spot where the offside player touches the ball.
 - D. The spot where the ball was passed.

6. During the taking of a penalty kick, A3 uses a feint to one direction and comes to a complete stop and then kicks the ball into the goal. The referee should:
- A. Allow the goal and restart with kickoff by team.
 - B. Disallow the goal and retake the kick.
 - C. Disallow the goal and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.
 - D. Disallow the goal, caution A7 for unsporting play and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.
7. During an inspection of the field, the referees note that the team areas are not marked. What is the correct procedure?
- A. The referee should notify the state association.
 - B. The game will not start until the team areas are properly marked.
 - C. The game will begin without the proper markings.
 - D. Both A and C.
8. During inspection of the field, the referees note that the corner flags are not orange. What should be the referee's response?
- A. This is not permitted and the game may not begin until orange corner flags are provided.
 - B. This is not permitted but the game may begin with corner flags that are not orange. The referee should notify the home team to correct the situation for future games.
 - C. This is permitted.
 - D. Since the corner flags are not the proper color, they should be removed before the game begins.
9. During inspection of the field, the referees note that there is no spot or other suitable mark in the center of the field. What should be the referee's response?
- A. This is not permitted and the game may not begin until a suitable mark is made.
 - B. This is not permitted but the game may begin without it. The referee should notify the home team to correct the situation for future games.
 - C. This is permitted.
 - D. This is not permitted and the referees should create a mark before the game begins.
10. During their inspection of the field, the referees note that the portable goals are not secured, anchored or counterweighted. The home team's head coach says that this is the first time all year that this has been considered a problem. What should be the referee's response?
- A. The goals must be secured, anchored or counterweighted before the game may begin.
 - B. The game may begin without the goals being secured, anchored or counterweighted, but the referees must report this to the appropriate authority.
 - C. The game may begin without the goals being secured, anchored or counterweighted but the referees should report this to the home team's head coach and ask that the goals be properly secured for subsequent games.
 - D. Since previous referees have allowed games to be played at this site without the goals being secured, anchored or counterweighted, the referees should take no further action.
11. Prior to the game, whether the field is unsafe for play and the game should be canceled is the responsibility of:
- A. The visiting coach.
 - B. The host athletic director.
 - C. The host coach.
 - D. The referee.

12. The home team has painted the goals in its school colors: green and gold. What should the referee do?
- A. Declare the game a forfeit and award the win to the visiting team.
 - B. Inform the home coach that colored goals are illegal and must be corrected by the next game, then notify the state association.
 - C. Ask the visiting coach if he or she wishes to play the game as scheduled.
 - D. Nothing, just play the game.
13. Which of the following is true if opposing teams choose to be on opposite sides of the field?
- A. The teams must be directly opposite each other.
 - B. The teams may be diagonally across from each other.
 - C. The teams are not allowed to be on opposite sides.
 - D. The teams must make prior arrangements and notify the referee before the game.
14. During inspection of the game balls supplied by the home team, the referees note that the balls do not have the NFHS Authenticating Mark.
- A. This is not permitted and the game may not begin until the referees obtain balls from the home or visiting team that have the NFHS Authenticating Mark.
 - B. This is not permitted. If neither team has three similar quality game balls with the NFHS Authenticating Mark, the game may begin with balls chosen by the referee from those available.
 - C. This is not permitted. If no balls with the NFHS Authenticating Mark are available, the game may begin if the home team can provide balls with the NCAA or FIFA logo on them.
 - D. This is permitted.
15. A game that must have a winner remains tied after overtime played under the NFHS Sample Tie-Breaking Procedure. The game will now proceed to a penalty kick tie-breaker. The team B coach informs the referee that he now wishes to add a player to his team's roster, a junior varsity team player who has been sitting in the stands during the game. The coach reports that this player is legally and properly equipped.
- A. The referee must allow this addition to the roster.
 - B. This is not permitted.
 - C. This is only permitted with the permission of the opposing coach.
 - D. Allow the JV player to kick after all others have kicked.
16. A team with fewer than 11 players, but at least 7 players, may have an additional player enter the game:
- A. At the next substitution opportunity for the late arriving player.
 - B. At the next dead ball.
 - C. During the run of play.
 - D. Only at the beginning of the next half.
17. A22 receives a first caution and is required to leave the field. Team A can substitute for A22 with a player from the bench.
- A. Team B can substitute an unlimited number of players as long as each substitute has reported to the scorer or nearest official prior to being beckoned in as a player.
 - B. Team B can substitute from the bench an equal number of players as Team A is substituting.
 - C. Team B can substitute up to 11 players from the bench.
 - D. None of the above.

18. A6 has banged heads with an opponent while trying to head a high ball. The referee has stopped play and has determined that A6 has the signs of a possible concussion. The referee requires A6 to leave the field and informs his coach that he may have suffered a concussion. There is no state association rule about concussions beyond that contained in the NFHS rules book.

- A. The referee should not allow A6 to return to the game after being cleared by an appropriate health-care professional.
- B. The referee may allow A6 to return to the game if he sees a doctor's signed permission slip.
- C. The referee should allow A6 to return to the game if his coach has him report in per 3-4-1.
- D. The referee should not allow A6 to return until the opponent is able to return.

19. After Team A scores a goal, the assistant referee hears the Team A head coach calling one of his players, A15, off the field. The assistant referee counts the Team A players now on the field and realizes that Team A had 12 players on the field when the goal was scored. The assistant referee notifies the referee of this. The referee should:

- A. Allow the goal, caution A15 and restart with a kickoff by Team B.
- B. Allow the goal and restart with a kickoff by Team B, with no caution to A15.
- C. Disallow the goal, caution A15 and restart with a kickoff by Team B.
- D. Disallow the goal, caution A15 and restart with a goal kick taken by Team B.

20. B7 is injured and is required to leave the field. Team B has no available substitutes and, therefore, must play short. Several minutes later, B7 has recovered from his injury, and his coach has sent him to report in. What should happen next?

- A. B7 may enter the game at the next legal substitution opportunity for his team.
- B. B7 may enter the game at the next dead ball.
- C. B7 may enter the game during the run of play.
- D. B7 may not enter the game until he has been cleared by a doctor in writing.

21. B10 is apparently injured. The referee has stopped play and summoned the Team B trainer onto the field of play.

- A. Neither coach may give coaching instruction to his or her players during the injury stoppage.
- B. The Team A coach may give instruction to the Team A players but the Team B coach must only attend to the injured player.
- C. The Team B coach may only give instructions to the substitute for B10.
- D. Both coaches may give their teams coaching instruction.

22. Cautioned Player A4 leaves the game and is not replaced. When can A4 re-enter the game:

- A. At any stoppage.
- B. At Team A's next legal opportunity to substitute.
- C. During the run of play.
- D. A4 does not have to leave the game.

23. During play, A1, the goalkeeper, is injured in a collision with B5, who is also injured. The referee stops play and calls the coach or trainer from both teams onto the field to attend to their players. What should happen next?

- A. B5 must leave the field and may be replaced.
- B. A1 must leave the field and may be replaced.
- C. Both B5 and A1 must leave the field and may be replaced by substitutes from the bench.
- D. Since A1 is the goalkeeper, neither B5 nor A1 are required to leave the field.

24. During the game, the referee notices that B30 has tape on her ear lobes. Closer observation indicates that there are earrings underneath the tape. The referee should:
- A. Stop the game, caution the Team B head coach and require B30 to leave the game.
 - B. Wait until the next stoppage; and since this is the first caution for illegal equipment, caution the Team B head coach and require B30 to leave the game.
 - C. Wait until the next stoppage, feel B30's ear lobes to check for earrings under the tape and, if so, caution the Team B head coach and require B30 to leave the game.
 - D. Since the referee did not notice the tape before the game, the referee should take no action.
25. During the penalty kick, a player is found bleeding and is required to leave the field.
- A. The substitute is allowed to take the penalty kick.
 - B. The incoming substitute may not take the penalty kick.
 - C. The bleeding player is allowed to take the penalty kick.
 - D. The bleeding player does not have to leave the field.
26. If a team repeatedly substitutes to consume time:
- A. The referee will take no action.
 - B. The referee will allow the substitution, but will admonish the coach.
 - C. The referee will stop the time and allow the substitution.
 - D. The referee will order the timer to stop time and notify the coach of the offending team. Repetition may be construed as unsporting conduct.
27. Play has been stopped for a foul by A4. The referee has stopped the clock and has given A4 a caution (yellow card.) As the referee is walking with the player towards the Team A bench to report the caution to the coaches, A4 directs insulting language to the referee. A9, a substitute who is waiting to enter the game for A4, has not been beckoned onto the field by the referee.
- A. The referee should ignore A4's statement.
 - B. The referee should show A4 a red card and allow A9 to enter the field.
 - C. The referee should show A4 a red card and not allow A9 to enter the field.
 - D. The referee should show A4 a yellow card, followed by a red card and not allow A9 to enter the game.
28. Player A14 scores a goal. Even though the player's name is not on the roster submitted by the coach at the start of the game, the referee should:
- A. Disallow the goal as the player is not on the roster.
 - B. Allow the goal, have the coach add A14's name to the roster.
 - C. Caution A14, restart with a direct free kick.
 - D. Caution A14, restart with a drop ball.
29. Players A2 and B2 hit heads in attempting to head the ball and both are injured. In the opinion of the referee, player A2 exhibits signs, symptoms and behaviors consistent with a concussion. The official should:
- A. Do nothing.
 - B. Have the player walk it off.
 - C. Stop the clock and communicate to the coach of Team A that his player is showing signs, symptoms and behaviors consistent with a concussion. A2 must leave the field.
 - D. Stop the clock. Communicate to the coach of Team A that A2 is showing signs, symptoms and behaviors consistent with a concussion. Both A2 and B2 must leave the field.

30. Team A has been awarded a corner kick. Players from both teams are at the scorer's table ready to enter as substitutes.
- A. Team A is allowed to substitute.
 - B. No substitution is allowed.
 - C. Both teams are allowed to substitute.
 - D. Team B is allowed to substitute.
31. The ball has gone out for a throw-in by Team A. While A9 is retrieving the ball, the Team A coach says "Sub ref!" and instructs A5, who is sitting on the bench, to enter the game for A13. What should be the referee's response?
- A. Allow A5 to enter the game during this dead ball.
 - B. Not allow the substitution since player A5 had not reported to the scorer or official area prior to the dead ball.
 - C. Only allow Team B substitutes to enter.
 - D. None of the above.
32. The home coach presents a roster to the referee which shows the names of all of the players. The roster does not show the names of the coaches or other bench personnel. What should be the referee's response?
- A. The game may not begin until the coach provides a complete roster.
 - B. The game may begin if the coach promises to provide a complete roster by the end of the game.
 - C. The game may begin. Inclusion of the coaches' names on the roster is not required.
 - D. The game may begin but the referee should remind the coach that a complete roster is required for future games.
33. Which of the following is not required to be submitted on a team roster?
- A. A player's number.
 - B. A player's first name.
 - C. A player's last name.
 - D. A player's position.
34. A dark jersey is defined as:
- A. Black.
 - B. Any color other than white.
 - C. Any color that contrasts with white.
 - D. Any color that incorporates black.
35. A player who is illegally equipped and whose coach is cautioned for the misconduct:
- A. Must also be cautioned.
 - B. Must leave the field of play and may not return until the next legal substitution opportunity.
 - C. Must correct the illegal equipment but is not required to leave the field of play.
 - D. Must leave the field of play and can return at the next dead ball.

36. All permissible artificial limbs must be:
- A. Covered by a cast.
 - B. Covered by a sleeve.
 - C. Padded with a minimum of 1/2-inch-thick, closed-cell, slow-recovery foam padding.
 - D. Covered with a minimum of 1/2-inch-thick soft material.
37. At the start of the game, the players from both teams have their shirts tucked into their shorts. Seven minutes into the game, the referee notices that A6's shirt is no longer tucked in.
- A. At the next stoppage, the referee should caution A6's coach because A6 is now illegally equipped and require A6 to leave the field.
 - B. At the next stoppage, the referee should require A6 to leave the field to make his equipment proper, but not issue a caution because A6 is improperly equipped.
 - C. At the next stoppage, the referee should request that A6 tuck in his shirt.
 - D. The referee should ignore this because he will appear 'too picky' by enforcing such a minor rule.
38. Before the game, the referee observes that A5 is wearing a very large knee brace.
- A. A5 may not participate in the game while wearing a knee brace.
 - B. A5 may participate in the game while wearing a knee brace if it is completely covered with a neoprene sleeve.
 - C. A5 may participate in the game while wearing a knee brace if it has not been altered from the manufacturer's original product.
 - D. A5 may participate in the game while wearing a knee brace if she can show the referee a doctor's permission slip.
39. During the pregame inspection, the official notes that the home team's players are wearing white socks with visible black electrical tape around the top of their socks in honor of a schoolmate who has died. The official should:
- A. Take no action.
 - B. Not permit players with black tape to play until it is corrected.
 - C. Not say anything but as soon as the game begins, caution the coach for illegal uniform.
 - D. Start the game and as soon as a player wearing black tape plays the ball, stop play, caution the player and restart with an indirect kick.
40. Goalkeepers can wear any color socks they choose.
- A. The socks of the goalkeeper shall differ in color from the opposing field players.
 - B. The socks of the goalkeeper must be the same as his teammates.
 - C. The goalkeeper can wear the same color socks as his/her opponents.
 - D. The goalkeeper can wear two different colors of socks.
41. Player A has a broken cheek bone and is wearing a protective face mask made of a hard material molded to the face. The referee shall allow A to play provided:
- A. A signed release from A's parents is on site.
 - B. A signed release from the school's athletic director is on site.
 - C. A signed release from A's coach is presented to the referees.
 - D. A release signed by an appropriate health-care professional is on site.

42. Prior to the game, a player is found to be wearing shinguards that do not contain the NOCSAE seal.
- A. The player is allowed to participate with the shinguards.
 - B. Illegal equipment shall not be worn by any player.
 - C. The coach assures that the shinguards are legal; therefore, the referee allows it.
 - D. Both coaches agree that there is no violation and the shinguards are allowed.
43. Team A's head coach has confirmed that all of her players are legally and properly equipped. However, before the game begins, the referee notices that A4 has shinguards that appear to be too small. The referee should:
- A. Accept the coach's confirmation as correct.
 - B. Ask A4 to show him the NOCSAE seal and height range on her shinguards.
 - C. Without seeing the NOCSAE seal and height range, tell A4 that she cannot play with those shinguards.
 - D. Require A4 to change shinguards and caution A4's head coach.
44. Team B's head coach was cautioned earlier in the game after the referee discovered B5 was wearing an earring while playing in the game. Twenty-seven minutes later, the referee discovers that B1 is not wearing shinguards.
- A. The Team B head coach should receive a second caution for an illegally equipped player. The Team B coach is disqualified for receiving a second caution.
 - B. B1 is cautioned for being illegally equipped. She is required to leave the field and, as the goalkeeper, must be replaced by either a substitute or a field player.
 - C. Both B1 and the Team B head coach should be cautioned.
 - D. Since Team B has already been cautioned for an illegally equipped player, the referee may ignore the absence of shinguards on B1.
45. The home team and the visiting team are both wearing blue shorts. There is no specific prohibition listed. Since it is not declared illegal, it must be legal.
- A. The referee should not begin the game until the home team is wearing white shorts.
 - B. The referee should allow the game to begin but, after the game, should report the situation to the state association.
 - C. The referee should not begin the game until the home team is wearing a different color of shorts than the visiting team.
 - D. This is permitted.
46. The home team is wearing apparel under the shorts and shirt that is visible.
- A. It is legal if it is a solid color matching the predominant color of the respective garment.
 - B. The color of the visible apparel does not matter.
 - C. It is legal as long as it doesn't conflict with the color of the visiting team.
 - D. It needs to be reported to the state association.
47. The home team is wearing white shirts with yellow piping on the shoulders and sleeves, and all white socks. The home team's head coach reports to the referee that its school could not afford new home shirts this year.
- A. The referee should not allow the game to begin until the home team is wearing shirts that are all white.
 - B. The referee should allow the game to begin. After the game, the referee should report this situation to the state association.
 - C. The referee should allow the game to begin. However, since the shirts are illegal, the home team's head coach should receive a caution at the first stoppage.
 - D. The referee should allow the game to begin. The home team's head coach should be cautioned by the referee at the first stoppage and the referee should report the situation to the state association.

48. The numbers on Team B's jerseys are not clearly visible. Team B has no other jersey. The game shall be:
- A. Delayed until Team B can secure jerseys with clearly visible numbers.
 - B. Played and the referee shall notify the state association regarding the jerseys.
 - C. Suspended and rescheduled.
 - D. Played providing Team A can provide alternate jerseys for Team B.
49. The player's shinguard must:
- A. have the NOCSAE seal and height range permanently marked on the shinguard.
 - B. shall not be modified from its original manufactured state.
 - C. shall be worn in the manner the manufacturer intended it to be worn.
 - D. All of the above.
50. Which of the following may not be worn on the team jersey?
- A. American flag
 - B. School emblem.
 - C. School name.
 - D. Premier League patch.
51. Which of the following items are considered illegal equipment for goalkeepers?
- A. Pants.
 - B. A jersey that is the same color of the official's uniform.
 - C. A soft-billed visor.
 - D. A hockey goalie-type mask.
52. The game is only 20 minutes old when Team A coach removes her players from the field because of a dispute with the referee. The coach refuses to continue the game despite the referee's instructions to do so.
- A. The referee shall suspend the game.
 - B. The referee shall terminate the game.
 - C. The referee shall re-schedule the game.
 - D. The referee shall remove the coach and continue to play.
53. During play a referee awards a drop ball.
- A. A drop ball can be awarded to the goalkeeper only.
 - B. A drop ball does not have to touch the ground before it is played.
 - C. A drop ball must be between two opponents.
 - D. A drop ball can be between two team members.
54. During the course of play near the touchline, the official notes that Player A is running outside the field of play and is playing the ball, which is inside the field of play.
- A. The referee shall award an indirect kick for the violation.
 - B. The ball continues to be in play.
 - C. The referee shall stop play and give the ball back to Team A for a throw-in.
 - D. The referee shall award a throw-in to Team B.

55. The referee inadvertently sounds the whistle.
- A. Realizing the error, the referee verbally directs "play on" to the players to continue play.
 - B. The referee stops play and awards a dropped ball regardless of possession.
 - C. The referee stops play and awards an indirect kick to the team in possession.
 - D. The referee should do nothing and allow play to continue.
56. Which statement results in a goal?
- A. During a goal kick, Goalkeeper A1 takes the kick and the ball deflects off a player from Team B who was inside the penalty area and the ball deflects into the goal.
 - B. Goalkeeper A1 catches a shot on goal by Team B. In preparing to throw the ball to a teammate, Goalkeeper A slips and drops the ball which lands on the goal line between the goalposts before picking the ball up again.
 - C. During a goal kick, Goalkeeper A1 takes the kick and the ball deflects off a player from his/her own team who was inside the penalty area and the ball deflects into the goal.
 - D. Goalkeeper A1 catches a shot on goal by Team B. In preparing to throw the ball to a teammate, Goalkeeper A slips and drops the ball which lands entirely across the goal line and between the goalposts.
57. The referee has awarded Team B a free kick just outside its own penalty area. B3 takes the free kick and passes back to the goalkeeper, who misplays the pass and has the ball carom off his foot and into the goal. The referee shall award a corner kick.
- A. The proper restart is a corner kick.
 - B. The proper restart is a kickoff for the defending team.
 - C. The proper restart is an indirect kick.
 - D. The proper restart is a direct kick.
58. The ball goes directly into the opponent's goal from a corner kick. The referee should:
- A. Disallow the goal.
 - B. Allow the goal only if the ball was played twice before entering the goal.
 - C. Allow the goal.
 - D. None of the above.
59. A goal may not be scored directly from a:
- A. Direct free kick.
 - B. Corner kick.
 - C. Drop ball.
 - D. Kickoff into the kicking team's own goal.
60. A10 is in an offside position. After receiving a pass from B7, B9 accidentally passes the ball to A10. A10 should be:
- A. Penalized for being offside and award an indirect free kick to Team B.
 - B. Issued a caution for being offside and award an indirect free kick to Team B.
 - C. Allowed to continue with play.
 - D. Awarded a drop ball.

61. A2, in an offside position, receives a goal kick taken by B1. The referee shall:
- A. Penalize Team A for A2 being offside.
 - B. Only call offside if a goal is scored.
 - C. Allow play to continue as this is permitted by rule.
 - D. None of the above.
62. A2, standing with the ball on his own half of the field and seeing A4 streaking for the goal, kicks the ball over the heads of the Team B defenders between himself and A4. B6 reaches over his hand and knocks down the ball. A4 was in an offside position when A2 passed him the ball.
- A. B6 is guilty of handling. The referee should award Team A a direct free kick.
 - B. B6 is guilty of handling. The referee should award Team A a direct free kick and caution B6 for unsporting behavior.
 - C. B6 is guilty of handling. The referee should award Team A a direct free kick and disqualify B6 for serious foul play.
 - D. A4 is guilty of offside. The referee should award Team B an indirect free kick. The referee should caution B6 for unsporting behavior.
 - E. A4 is guilty of offside. The referee should award Team B an indirect free kick. The referee may warn B6 about his actions but does not have to caution him.
63. A24 has been penalized for offside. A24 was standing at the penalty mark when the ball was kicked to him by a teammate. The second-last defender was standing at the top of the penalty area when the ball was kicked to A24.
- A. Team B restarts with a direct free kick from the penalty mark.
 - B. Team B restarts with an indirect free kick from the penalty mark.
 - C. Team B restarts with a direct free kick from the top of the penalty area.
 - D. Team B restarts with an indirect free kick from the top of the penalty area.
64. As A2 passes the ball forward, B7 plays the ball and inadvertently deflects the ball to A3, who was in an offside position.
- A. A3 is penalized for offside infraction.
 - B. At the time the ball was played, A3 was in an offside position and therefore is declared offside.
 - C. B7 deliberately played the ball, therefore A3 is not offside when he receives the ball.
 - D. The referee stops play but cannot decide if B7 deliberately played the ball and therefore awards a drop ball.
65. B19 is standing in an offside position. B12 kicks the ball forward but the ball deflects off A11 to B19. B19 should be:
- A. Allowed to continue with play as long as B19 passes the ball to B12.
 - B. Allowed to continue with play.
 - C. Penalized for being offside.
 - D. Issued a caution for being offside.
66. Defender B puts attacking Player A in an offside position by stepping out of bounds. The assistant referee should:
- A. Raise the flag for offside.
 - B. Keep the flag down and allow play to continue.
 - C. None of the above.

67. Player A of the attacking team is clearly in an offside position when her teammate delivers the ball to her with a throw-in. She collects the ball and kicks it into the goal. The referee should:

- A. Award an indirect free kick to Team B.
- B. Award a goal to Team A.
- C. Award a goal kick to Team B.
- D. Award a re-take to Team A.

68. Player A, who is in an offside position, receives the ball from a goal kick by A2.

- A. The assistant referee raises the flag to indicate offside.
- B. The assistant referee indicates offside violation and the referee stops play and awards an indirect free kick.
- C. There is no offside violation and play is allowed to continue.
- D. Stop play and retake the goal kick.

69. Player A2 is in an offside position when player A3 takes a shot on goal which the goalkeeper attempts to save and rebounds from the goalkeeper to A2. A2 shoots and scores. Ruling:

- A. Disallow the goal and award an indirect free kick to Team B.
- B. Allow the goal.
- C. Disallow the goal and award a goal kick to Team B.
- D. Disallow the goal and award a penalty kick to Team A.

70. A player shall be disqualified (red card) for:

- A. Disproportionate and unnecessary force against an opponent while playing the ball.
- B. Deliberately handling the ball (other than the goalkeeper) attempting to prevent a goal and the goal is not scored.
- C. Committing a foul, attempting to deny an obvious goal-scoring opportunity, and the goal is not scored.
- D. All of the above.

71. A player shall be disqualified, without caution, by the official when he or she has completed the following action:

- A. Hand ball.
- B. Kicks the ball out of bounds.
- C. Flagrantly fouls the goalkeeper who is in possession of the ball.
- D. Fakes an injury.

72. A player shall be penalized for the following action of the hand and arm:

- A. Handling the ball.
- B. Carrying the ball.
- C. Striking or propelling the ball.
- D. All of the above.

73. A throw-in by Player A goes directly to her own goalkeeper, who catches the ball with her hands. The referee should:

- A. Take no action as this is allowed.
- B. Award an indirect free kick to the opponent.
- C. Retake the throw-in.
- D. Award a throw-in to the opposing team.

74. A14 is running toward the goal. Her teammate, A12, kicks the ball toward A14. A14 did not see the ball coming and the ball strikes her in the back of the hand as her hand is at her side. The proper call would be to:

- A. Award an indirect free kick to Team B for incidental contact.
- B. Award a direct free kick to Team B.
- C. Allow play to continue as the handling was incidental but issue a caution to the player at the next stoppage of play.
- D. Allow play to continue.

75. A2, standing with the ball on his own half of the field and seeing A4 streaking for the goal, kicks the ball over the heads of the Team B defenders between himself and A4. B6 reaches over his hand and knocks down the ball. In the opinion of the referee, A4 would have had an obvious opportunity to score if he had received the ball from A2.

- A. B6 is guilty of handling. The referee should award Team A a direct free kick.
- B. B6 is guilty of handling. The referee should award Team A a direct free kick and caution B6 for unsporting behavior.
- C. B6 is guilty of handling. The referee should award Team A a direct free kick and disqualify B6 for serious foul play.
- D. B6 is not guilty of handling.

76. A8 is dribbling toward goal on a breakaway. The goalkeeper, B1, comes out of the goal area in an attempt to stop A8. A8 kicks the ball past B1 and attempts to run around B1, who is now on the ground. B1 reaches up with his hand and pulls down A8 as he attempts to run past.

- A. B1 is guilty of holding. The referee should award a penalty kick to Team A.
- B. B1 is guilty of holding. The referee should award a penalty kick to Team A and disqualify B1 for serious foul play.
- C. B1 is guilty of holding. The referee should award a penalty kick to Team A if he cannot apply advantage and disqualify B1 for serious foul play.
- D. There is no offense. The referee should allow play to continue.

77. A9 believes that he has been fouled by B4. The referee allows play to continue. A9 tells his teammate that the referee is "an idiot."

- A. The referee should immediately stop play and caution A9 for dissent.
- B. The referee should immediately stop play and disqualify A9 for insulting language.
- C. The referee may immediately stop play or he may wait until the ball is otherwise out of play before cautioning A9 for dissent.
- D. The referee may immediately stop play or she may wait until the ball is otherwise out of play before disqualifying A9 for insulting language.

78. A9 scores a goal to make the score 1-0 with 1:30 left in the game. He runs toward the portion of the spectators dominated by his school's supporters, removes his shirt and waves it above his head.

- A. A9 is guilty of an excessive act that focuses attention on himself. The referee should caution A9.
- B. A9 is guilty of an excessive act that focuses attention on himself. The referee should disqualify A9.
- C. A9 is guilty of taunting. The referee should disqualify A9.
- D. A9 is not guilty of an offense. Play should restart with a Team B kickoff.

79. B9 takes a throw-in, which his goalkeeper, B1, traps with his feet. B1 then dribbles the ball into the penalty area and picks it up with his hands in order to punt the ball. The officials should:

- A. Award a penalty kick to Team A for handling by B1.
- B. At the next stoppage of play issue a caution to B1.
- C. Award an indirect free kick to Team A.
- D. Allow play to continue as there is no violation.

80. Defender B7 handles the ball inside the penalty area, deflecting it to A3, who scores. What is the correct procedure:
- A. The referee should disallow the goal, caution B7 and award a penalty kick to Team A.
 - B. The referee should allow the goal, disqualify B7 and restart with a kickoff for Team B.
 - C. The referee should not allow the goal, disqualify B7 and award a penalty kick to Team A.
 - D. The referee should allow the goal, caution B7 and restart with a kickoff for Team B.
81. During halftime, the referee notices that the visiting team's head coach is showing his players a video of action from the first half on his tablet.
- A. Dismiss the coach.
 - B. Take no action.
 - C. Report the incidence to the proper authorities.
 - D. Caution the coach.
82. During the game, the referee hears the home team's head coach using a bull horn to instruct her players on the far side of the field.
- A. Caution the coach.
 - B. Dismiss the coach.
 - C. Take no action.
 - D. Report the incident to the proper authorities.
83. Goalkeeper A1, having just saved a shot on goal, is standing in his own penalty area, holding the ball in the palm of his hand. B9 runs from behind A1 and heads the ball out of A1's hand. B9 then kicks the ball into the goal.
- A. B9 is guilty of an illegal charge. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick.
 - B. B9 is guilty of an illegal charge. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick and caution B9 for unsporting behavior.
 - C. B9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick.
 - D. B9 is not guilty of any offense. The referee should award the goal to Team B.
84. Goalkeeper B1 deflects a hard shot. B1 bends over and picks up the ball before it is touched by an opposing player in the penalty area. The referee should award an indirect kick to Team A, which is:
- A. The correct call.
 - B. Not the correct call as the referee should allow play to continue.
 - C. Not the correct call as a penalty kick should be awarded.
 - D. Not the correct call as a drop ball should be awarded.
85. Player B4 is disqualified for receiving a second caution. The referee should:
- A. Allow B12 to substitute for B4 as soon as B4 leaves the field.
 - B. Display a red and yellow card simultaneously.
 - C. Show only a red card and not a yellow card.
 - D. Show a yellow card followed by a red card and notify both coaches of the nature of the misconduct.

86. The goalkeeper, A1, makes a save, catching the ball with his hands. He then runs toward the top of the penalty area, dropping the ball in order to punt it while still within the penalty area. His momentum, however, causes his kicking foot to land outside the penalty area after he has kicked the ball.
- A. A1 has violated the restrictions on goalkeepers in 12-7. The referee should award an indirect free kick to Team B.
 - B. A1 has violated the restriction on the number of steps a goalkeeper may take while holding the ball. The referee should award Team B an indirect free kick.
 - C. A1 has deliberately handled the ball. The referee should award a direct free kick to Team B.
 - D. A1 has released the ball before leaving the penalty area. There is no violation.
87. The head coach of Team A reaches onto the field to knock down a mid-air pass to B8, who is unmarked but still 45 yards away from the goal.
- A. The coach should be cautioned for unsporting conduct.
 - B. The coach should be dismissed for failing to conduct himself in a responsible manner.
 - C. The coach's behavior is outside interference and the referee should restart play with a drop ball.
 - D. There is no offense and play should continue.
88. The referee stops play for dangerous play, which is an act likely to cause injury to self, opponent or teammate.
- A. The penalty is an indirect free kick for the opposing team.
 - B. The penalty for the infraction is a direct free kick.
 - C. The referee must award a drop ball.
 - D. Dangerous play is considered a foul and a direct free kick is awarded to the opposing team.
89. When a coach is disqualified from the game and refuses to leave the playing area, the following can occur:
- A. Game continues.
 - B. Game is terminated.
 - C. Game is delayed.
 - D. None of the above.
90. Which of the following is considered unsporting conduct and will result in a caution?
- A. Taunting.
 - B. Spitting at an opponent.
 - C. Committing a foul in a reckless manner.
 - D. Leaving the team area to participate in a fight.
91. Which of these is true about taunting?
- A. Taunting is a misconduct and requires a caution to the offender.
 - B. It is not required that the player be disqualified.
 - C. Taunting is a misconduct and requires that the offending player be disqualified.
 - D. If it is directed at a teammate, it requires no action.

92. The referee has awarded Team B a penalty kick. The goalkeeper, A1, stands with his back to the ball. The referee shall:
- A. Allow play to continue as this is permitted by rule.
 - B. Require the goalkeeper to face the kicker.
 - C. Suspend the contest until the goalkeeper agrees to face the kicker.
 - D. Declare a forfeit.
93. The referee has awarded Team B a penalty kick. As B4 runs towards the ball to take the kick, B9, B7 and A5 enter the penalty area. The referee allows the kick to proceed.
- A. If the ball enters the goal, restart play with a kickoff for Team A.
 - B. If the ball does not enter the goal, retake the kick.
 - C. Regardless of the outcome, retake the kick.
 - D. The referee should not allow the kick to be taken and should caution the Team B players who encroached.
94. The referee has awarded Team B a penalty kick. As B4 runs toward the ball to take the kick, A5 enters the penalty area before B4 kicks the ball. The referee should:
- A. Blow the whistle as soon as A enters the penalty area.
 - B. Allow the play to continue and award a goal if the kick by B4 enters the goal.
 - C. Allow the play to continue and award a goal kick if the kick by B4 goes untouched over the goal.
 - D. Allow the play to continue and award a corner kick if the kick by B4 is played by the goalkeeper who pushes the ball over the goal line outside of the goal.
95. Player A2, in taking a penalty kick, approaches the ball and then stops abruptly. The goalkeeper dives to the side. A2 then kicks the ball and scores.
- A. The referee shall award a goal and restart with a kickoff.
 - B. The referee shall rule no goal and order the kick to be retaken.
 - C. The referee shall caution the player for unsporting conduct.
 - D. The referee shall not award a goal and restart the game with a goal kick.
96. If during the taking of a penalty kick, A7 uses several stutter steps but does not interrupt his/her movement to the ball and scores, the correct ruling and restart is:
- A. Allow the goal and restart with a kickoff by Team B.
 - B. Award an indirect free kick to Team B from the penalty mark.
 - C. Disallow the goal and retake the penalty kick for Team A.
 - D. Award a goal kick to Team B.
97. If on a penalty kick there is a deflection over the goal line by the goalkeeper and no violation by either team, the restart is a:
- A. Retake.
 - B. Indirect free kick.
 - C. Corner kick.
 - D. Goal Kick.

98. If a penalty kick is taken after the expiration of time, the ball is in play until:

- A. The momentum of the ball has been spent.
- B. The ball goes out of play.
- C. The ball is touched a second time by the kicker.
- D. All of the above.

99. During the taking of a penalty kick, A7 uses several stutter-steps but does not interrupt the approach to the ball. The ball enters the goal. The referee should:

- A. Allow the goal and restart with a kickoff by the defending team.
- B. Disallow the goal and retake the kick.
- C. Disallow the goal and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.
- D. Disallow the goal, caution A7 for unsporting play and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.

100. During the taking of a penalty kick, A3 uses a feint to one direction but does not interrupt the approach to the ball. The ball enters the goal. The referee should:

- A. Allow the goal and restart with kickoff by the defending team.
- B. Disallow the goal and retake the kick.
- C. Disallow the goal and restart with an indirect kick by Team B.
- D. Disallow the goal, caution A7 for unsporting play and restart with an indirect kick by Team B.